

Janice Sue Taylor
Near 3341 Arianna Court
Near Gilbert, Arizona

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**DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA)	Case No: CR-10-0400-PHX-MHM
)	
Plaintiff,)	THIRD MOTION IN LIMINE
Vs.)	
)	
Janice Sue Taylor, sui juris)	
)	
Defendant)	
)	Proposed Orders Attached

NOTICE TO THE COURT, CLERK OF COURT and UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

This motion is filed for above caption hearing in the "district court of the United States", and not the "United States District Court". If the recipient clerk is unable to process this pleading, please direct it to the proper official.

THIRD MOTION IN LIMINE

Comes now Janice Sue Taylor, a living woman, not a corporation or other type of artificially created person, and not domiciled in the District of Columbia; hereinafter the MOVANT, by Special Visitation or Appearance, not granting jurisdiction nor recognizing this court's right to try her; but intervening in a foreign jurisdiction on behalf of the Alleged Defendant, Person JANICE SUE TAYLOR, hereinafter the Accused. Movant is not trained in the law, nor is She an attorney, nor is She appearing Pro Se; but rather of right in Sui Juris.

Movant moves this court in the nature of FRCrP rule 24 to EXCLUDE from the potential jury selection every man, woman or person who may have a conflict of interest in this case. This request is a matter of law and equity going to the very heart of the concept of a fair trial under the American system of justice.

As a matter of law, any juror that has a conflict of interest in the outcome of this case would be liable for criminal and civil prosecution under 18 USC §208:

TITLE 18> PART 1> CHAPTER ii> § 208

§208. Acts affecting a personal financial interest

(a) Except as permitted by subsection (b) hereof **whoever, being an officer or employee of the executive branch of the United States Government, or of any independent agency of**

1 **the United States**, a Federal Reserve bank director, officer, or employee, **or an officer**
2 **or employee of the District of Columbia**, including a special Government employee,
3 participates personally and substantially as a government officer or employee, through
4 decision, approval, disapproval, recommendation, the rendering of advice, investigation,
5 or otherwise, in a **judicial or other proceeding** application, request for a ruling or other
6 determination, contract, claim, controversy, charge, accusation, arrest, or other particular
7 matter in which, to his knowledge, he, his spouse, minor child, general partner,
8 organization in which he is serving as officer, director, trustee, general partner or
9 employee, or any person or organization with whom he is negotiating or has any
10 arrangement concerning prospective employment, has a financial interest [emphasis
11 added]—shall be subject to the penalties set forth in section 216 of this title.

12 Movant has claimed elsewhere, unrebutted by Plaintiffs , that the act of signing the first W-4
13 and 1040 forms converts one from a “national of the united States” living in one of the 50 union
14 States, into an employee of the United States under 26 USC §3401(c), who is engaged in a “trade
15 or business” under 26 USC §7701(a)(26) as “the functions of a public office” domiciled in the
16 District of Columbia per 26 USC §7701 (a)(39), **without full disclosure and informed consent**.

17 Such persons could not legitimately form “a jury of one’s peer” to sentence to prison for 25
18 years a woman living on the land in Arizona, to which the “United States” is a foreign
19 Corporation. Particularly when the accuser is part of the executive branch of the “United States”
20 Corporation, and worse, that the trying court is part of the same executive branch of the same
21 “United States” corporation. Domiciled in the District of Columbia.

22 This may be an appropriate place to claim foreign law per FRCrP 26.1 in addition to the
23 implied claim in the Motion to Quash. The cases in the Motion to Quash pg 6, line 16-17 show
24 the federal government police powers within the 50 union States. And 28 USC 3002 (15)(A)
25 shows the “United States” to be a foreign corporation. And since there is no Federal Common
26 Law per Erie v. Thompkins (1938), why is there a jury??

27 The nature of this case is such that – should the Movant prevail and be publicized –
28 voluntary compliance with the directives of the IRS, reporting and payment by the certain people
29 living in the 50 union States, would decrease. If the law upon which Movant is basing this
30 Challenge becomes widely known and used, IRC compliance could plummet to the point that the
31 very idea of the income tax would be threatened.
32

1 One consequence of that would be that the remaining “citizens, residents and employees”
2 supra, would progressively LOSE their “guaranteed” “retirement benefits”, or other unearned
3 “benefits” a little at a time, upon each successive federal “budget crisis”, until soon they have no
4 benefits at all. Some have paid into the social security system for decades, only to see their
5 “contributions” vanish into the insatiable maw of this years budget and expect, as if it were a
6 contract something “back” for all that money! Such are the persons who Plaintiff would have as
7 members of the jury who will decide the Movant and defendants should be imprisoned for 100
8 years.

9 Therefore it follows that, pre-voir dire, the court Order the exclusion of all men, women or
10 persons who can answer “yes” to **any one** of the following questions:

- 11 1. Do you file returns for, or pay “income” or “social security” taxes?
- 12 2. Are you a recipient of some benefit that is derived from tax revenues paid into the
13 United States?
- 14 3. Do you feel it is possible that you could receive any extra unwelcome attention from the
15 IRS in the form of audits, harassment, etc, if you ruled against the IRS?
- 16 4. Do you expect to receive any benefit now or in the future from the United States
17 Government?
- 18 5. Would the fact that you felt obligated to file tax returns, while Movant did not cause you
19 to believe that “if you have to file, Movant has to file”, and therefore conviction is
20 appropriate?
- 21 6. Do you believe that everyone owes taxes in general, by the cliché “that nothing is certain
22 but death and taxes”, regardless of what the law actually says about how certain
23 transaction are treated?

24 By the logic of the first paragraph on page 3, people who would rely for either current
25 benefits or for the retirement of their golden years upon the forcible extortion of money from the
26 Movant, and other people like her, are not suitable jurors.

27 The purpose of this requested ORDER is to prevent the wasting this court’s valuable time on
28 the voir dire of people who have a conflict of interest and would deny Movant a fair trial. One
29 could merely ask them to bring along their 1040’s and SSA statements.

30
31 Second Issue

32 Federal judges who either pay income taxes or receive benefits from the income tax, who
may be subject to the threat of IRS scrutiny, undue influence or even extortion from a past

1 mistake cannot be objective in ruling on income tax issues. Our original constitutional model
2 called for judges to be paid from excises on imports by people over which they have no
3 jurisdiction to ensure no conflict of interest. And they suffered no reduction of salary by
4 taxation. Since the advent of federal income taxation of the people within the 50 union States by
5 the IRS starting in 1942, the judicial system itself has become increasingly, then totally corrupt.
6 Therefore, Movant must presume that all federal judges who participate in Subtitle A income
7 taxation are biased and have a conflict of interest regarding such cases, in violation of 18 USC
8 §208 & 455.

9 *28 USC § 455. Disqualification of justice, judge, or magistrate judge.*

10 *(a) Any justice, judge, or magistrate judge of the United States shall disqualify himself in*
11 *and proceeding in which his impartiality might reasonable be questioned.*

12 *(b) He shall also disqualify himself in the following circumstances:*

13 *(4) He knows that he, individually or as a fiduciary, or his spouse or minor child residing in*
14 *his household, has a financial interest in the subject matter in controversy or in a party to the*
15 *proceeding, or any other interest that could be substantially affected by the outcome of the*
16 *proceeding;*

17 *(d) (4) "Financial interest" means ownership of a legal or equitable interest, however small.*
18

19
20 Movant has challenged the fraudulent application of the "United States" "tax laws" required
21 to maintain the appearance of "consent of the governed". If she prevails, knowledge of such
22 becomes widespread, the current system of federal employment and benefits would be
23 threatened. Would not having the Movant tried by people in the government who rely upon the
24 tax receipts for their retirement, let alone their daily wages be the very definition of conflict of
25 interest?

26 **WITHOUT PREJUDICE**

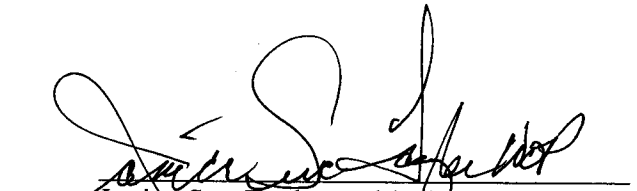
27 **Pursuant to UCC 1-308: "I reserve my right not to be compelled to perform under any**
28 **contract, commercial agreement or bankruptcy that I did not enter knowingly, voluntarily,**
29 **and intentionally. And furthermore, I do not and will not accept the liability of the**
30 **compelled benefit of any unrevealed contract or commercial agreement or bankruptcy". I**
31 **have made a timely and explicit reservation of my rights and insist that any statutes used in**
32 **my defense shall be construed to be in harmony with the Common Law.**

RELIEF REQUESTED

In the context of this trial, to ORDER the exclusion of any man, woman or person with an apparent or possible conflict of interest from the jury.

Further Relief requested: Should your HONOR feel that in the context of the issues elaborated above, you perhaps have a potential conflict of interest, Movant asks that your honor recuse yourself.

Dated this 4th day of October, 2010



Janice Sue Taylor, sui juris
Of one's own right, possessing full social and
Civil rights, sovereign character and capacity.

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Certificate of Service

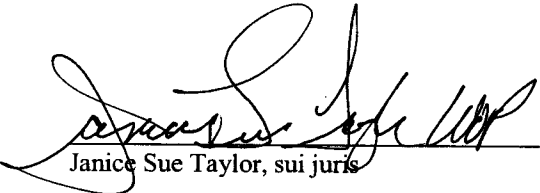
I, Janice Sue Taylor, hereby declare and state that I have filed a true and correct copy of the above document Third Motion in Limine, Said Right Extended To Any Attorney, Whether Or Not At Bar, If Providing Or Proposing To Provide "Assistance - Not Force - Of Counsel" with the Clerk of the Court for the [Alleged] United States District Court For The [Alleged] District Of Arizona, said [Alleged] Court Appearing And Existing [Supposedly] As A Possession Of Its Own And NOT Lawfully Existing In The Legal or Organic County of Maricopa, Legal or Organic [Proposed] State of Arizona, and have mailed a copy hereof, postage prepaid thereon, to the Alleged U.S. Attorney's Office at the following addresses set forth below.

Frank T. Galati,
James Richard Knapp,
Office of the Alleged U.S. Attorney
40 N. Central Ave. # 1200
Phoenix, Arizona near 85004

Susan Anderson
850 W. Adams Street, Suite 201
Phoenix, Arizona near 85007

RESPONSE TO THIS EXHIBITED NOTICE IS REQUIRED - *Qui Tacit, Consentire Videtur, Ubi Tractatur De Ejus Commodo* (He[She] who is silent is considered as assenting [to the matter in question] when his[her] interest is as stake.)

Dated this 4^H day of October, 2010 A.D



Janice Sue Taylor, sui juris